

List of works that can be taken up under the different sectors as listed in the SAGY Guidelines

- 1. The activities that can be taken up for the personal development of the villagers include,**
 - i. Inculcating hygienic behaviour and practices
 - ii. Fostering healthy habits including daily exercise and games
 - iii. Reducing risk behaviour- alcoholism, smoking, substance abuse, etc.

- 2. The works that can be taken up for the human development of the village include,**
 - i. Universal access to basic health facilities consisting of health card, medical examination**
 - ii. Total immunization
 - iii. Balancing the sex-ratio
 - iv. 100% institutional delivery
 - v. Improving nutrition status for all, with special focus on children, adolescent girls, pregnant women, and lactating mothers
 - vi. Strong focus on the special needs of Persons With Disability (PWD), especially children and women
 - vii. Universal access to education facilities up to Class X and retention**
 - viii. **Conversion of schools into 'smart schools'**. Smart schools will have IT enabled classrooms, e-libraries, web based teaching and makes all students e-literate required for providing quality education
 - ix. Adult literacy
 - x. E-literacy
 - xi. Village libraries including e-libraries

- 3. The activities that can be taken up for the social development of the village include,**
 - i. Activities for promotion of voluntarism
 - ii. Building the capacity of the people to fully participate and contribute to local development
 - iii. Activities for honouring village elders, local role models especially women, freedom fighters and martyrs
 - iv. Activities for violence and crime free villages such as:
 - a. Setting up Citizen Committees
 - b. Sensitization, especially of youth
 - v. Village sports and folk arts festivals
 - vi. Having a village song to instill a sense of pride among the people
 - vii. Celebrating 'Village Day'

- viii. Proactive steps for inclusion and integration of socially excluded groups, especially Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes.

4. The works can be taken up for the economic development of the village

All the economic activities should focus particularly on lifting households out of poverty, for which organising and federating women SHGs, providing employment to all workers, and bringing about financial inclusion are very important. Some of the activities that can be taken up under the economic development of the village include,

- i. Promoting diversified agricultural and allied livelihoods, including livestock and horticulture, through:
 - a. Organic farming**
 - b. Soil health cards
 - c. Crop intensification such as SRI
 - d. Setting up of seed banks
 - e. Collection and value addition to Non Timber Forest Produce (NTFP)
 - f. Livestock development including Gobar Bank, cattle hostel etc
 - g. Micro-irrigation
 - h. Agro-service centres
- ii. Rural industrialization like:
 - i. Post-harvest technology applications
 - j. Micro-enterprises
 - k. Dairy development and processing
 - l. Food processing
 - m. Traditional Industries
- iii. Skill Development of all eligible youth for self-employment and placement
- iv. Village Tourism focusing on eco-tourism.

5. The works that can be taken up for environmental development of the village include,

- i. Activities for a clean and green village consisting of:
 - a. Providing toilets in each household and in all public institutions and ensuring their proper use
 - b. Appropriate solid and liquid waste management system**
- ii. Roadside plantations
- iii. **Tree plantation in accordance with local preferences** in homesteads, schools and public institutions – including green walkways
- iv. Social forestry**
- v. Watershed management especially renovation and revival of traditional water bodies

- vi. Rainwater harvesting- rooftop as well as others
- vii. Reducing local pollution of air, water and land

6. The works that can be taken up for providing basic amenities and services in the village include,

- i. Pucca houses for all houseless poor/poor living in kuccha houses
- ii. **Drinking water, preferably treated piped water with household taps**
- iii. **Internal all weather roads with covered drains**
- iv. **All weather road connectivity to the main road-network**
- v. **Electricity connection to all households and street-lights including from alternative sources of energy, especially solar**
- vi. Pucca infrastructure for public institutions- Anganwadis, schools, health institutions, Gram Panchayat Office and libraries
- vii. Civic infrastructure including community halls, buildings for SHG federations, playgrounds and burial grounds/ crematoria
- viii. Village markets
- ix. Infrastructure for PDS outlets
- x. Micro mini banks /post offices/ATMs
- xi. Broadband connectivity and Common Service Centres
- xii. Telecom connectivity
- xiii. CCTVs in public places

7. The activities that can be taken up for providing social security measures in the village include,

- i. **Pensions for all eligible families- old age, disability and widow**
- ii. **Insurance schemes like Aam Aadmi Bima Yojana**
- iii. Health insurance
- iv. PDS- universal access to all eligible households

8. The activities that can be taken up to ensure good governance in the village include,

- i. Strengthening of local democracy through strong and accountable Gram Panchayats and active Gram Sabhas
- ii. **E-Governance resulting in better service delivery**
- iii. Provision of Aadhaar cards for all
- iv. Ensuring regular and punctual attendance of government and panchayat staff
- v. Time bound service delivery in line with Department's Citizen's Charter
- vi. Holding of Mahila Gram Sabhas before every Gram Sabha
- vii. Holding of a Gram Sabha at least 4 times a year

- viii. Holding of Bal Sabhas every quarter
- ix. Proactive disclosure of all information pertaining to the implementation of the programme in the public domain and through wall-writing, notice boards in the local language. This should include the list of beneficiaries, item-wise budgets and expenditure.
- x. Gram Panchayat acting as an information facilitation centre
- xi. Timely redressal of grievances filed by people, such that:
 - a. Grievances of all nature to be submitted to the Gram Panchayat / Charge Officer and dated receipt to be given
 - b. Grievances to be redressed within three weeks along with written reply
 - c. Institutionalization of regular open platforms for airing of grievances and their redressal, coordinated by the Gram Panchayat
- xii. Half yearly Social Audit of the programme implementation by the Gram Sabha facilitated by the Social Audit Units set up under MGNREGA